

Ohio Department of Agriculture and Ohio Department of Health



Governor John R. Kasich Lieutenant Governor Mary Taylor ODA Director David T. Daniels ODH Director Richard Hodges

Clean-up of Vomiting and Diarrheal Events

When developing a plan that addresses the need for the cleaning and disinfection of a vomitus and/or diarrheal contamination event, a food service operation or retail food establishment should consider:

- The procedures for containment and removal of any discharges, including airborne particulates;
- the procedure for cleaning, sanitizing, and, as necessary, the disinfection of any surfaces that may have become contaminated;
- The procedures for the evaluation and disposal of any food that may have been exposed to discharges; the availability of effective disinfectants, personal protective equipment, and other cleaning and disinfecting equipment and appurtenances intended for response and their proper use;
- Procedures for the disposal and/or cleaning and disinfection of tools and equipment used to clean up vomitus or fecal matter;
- The circumstances under which a food employee is to wear personal protective equipment for cleaning and disinfecting of a contaminated area;
- Notification to food employees on the proper use of personal protective equipment and procedures to follow in containing, cleaning, and disinfecting a contaminated area;
- The segregation of areas that may have been contaminated so as to minimize the unnecessary exposure of employees, customers and others in the facility to the discharges or to surfaces or food that may have become contaminated;
- Minimizing risk of disease transmission through the exclusion and restriction of ill employees as specified in Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) section 3717-1-02.1 (D);
- Minimizing risk of disease transmission through the prompt removal of ill customers and others from areas of food preparation, service and storage; and the conditions under which the plan will be implemented.

When a food employee has been diagnosed, has recent history or exposure to, or is the suspected source of a confirmed disease outbreak of Norovirus, it must be reported to the person in charge. If a food employee has been diagnosed with Norovirus it must also be reported to the regulatory authority.